

Table 3. Nurses' Attitudes toward postpartum pain management (no = 20).

Item		Educational Package				Chi-square	P Value																																																																																																					
		Pre		Post																																																																																																								
		No	%	No	%																																																																																																							
Pain relief is an essential part of postpartum care for mothers	Disagree	7	35.0%	0	0.0%	8.485	p<0.004*																																																																																																					
	Agree	13	65.0%	20	100.0%			Pain relief measures are recommended for postpartum pain	Disagree	13	65.0%	1	5.0%	15.824	p<0.000*	Agree	7	35.0%	19	95.0%	The severity of pain can be determined without asking mothers	Disagree	11	55.0%	1	5.0%	11.905	p<0.001*	Agree	9	45.0%	19	95.0%	Proper assessment of pain is a priority for effective postpartum pain management	Disagree	6	30.0%	0	0.0%	7.059	p<0.008*	Agree	14	70.0%	20	100.0%	Providing comfort and proper positioning for the mother can help reduce muscle strain which can reduce postpartum pain	Disagree	9	45.0%	0	0.0%	11.613	p<0.001* ^b	Agree	11	55.0%	20	100.0%	Combining non-pharmacological and pharmacological approaches is practical for pain management and has fewer side effects	Disagree	13	65.0%	1	5.0%	15.824	p<0.000*	Agree	7	35.0%	19	95.0%	Nurses have a responsibility and obligation to manage pain	Disagree	7	35.0%	1	5.0%	5.625	p<0.018*	Agree	13	65.0%	19	95.0%	The nurse is the best person to tell us what the mother's pain is feeling	Disagree	9	45.0%	2	10.0%	6.144	p<0.013*	Agree	11	55.0%	18	90.0%	Non-pharmacological interventions (eg., music, imagination, touch) are very effective in controlling mild to moderate pain but are rarely useful in severe pain	Disagree	9	45.0%	1	5.0%	8.533	p<0.003*	Agree	11
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